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This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application. .

## **Listing of Claims:**

Claims 1-4 (previously cancelled)

- 5. (five times amended) A process for detecting a toxin in a biological sample, said process comprising
- (a) contacting a biological sample containing a toxin and obtained from the group consisting of animal, plant and bacterial biological samples, under in vitro conditions, with antibodies to a Lethal Toxin Neutralizing Factor, said antibodies being made

against a synthetic peptide consisting of at least five amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 1, or

against a natural 68 kDa Lethal Toxin Neutralizing Factor protein, wherein said protein is isolated from opossum serum and having a molecular weight of 68 kDa and containing

10 SEQ ID NO: 1,

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to produce an immune complex, and

(b) after said contacting, detecting the immune complex formed between the toxin and the antibody antibodies by an ELISA, wherein said sample is obtained from the group consisting of animal, plant and bacteria.

Claim 6 (previously cancelled)

7. (five times amended) A process as in claim 5 wherein the said antibodies and the biological sample are contacted in a procedure wherein the antibodies are in a fluid state and a lethal the toxin is attached to a plate, to produce the immune complex, said process further comprising

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5 conducting an ELISA on the immune complex, and

> obtaining a numerical result which wherein said toxin detected by ELISA is roughly proportional to the lethal dose of the toxin as determined by animal bioassay.

- 8. (Thrice Amended) A process as in claim 5 wherein the toxin is contained in a fluid biological sample is selected from the group consisting of food, blood sera and other body fluid, saliva, urine and milk, and the ELISA is carried out by antigen capture format.
- 9. (seven times amended) A method for assaying a free toxin in a sample, wherein said sample is a mixture of a partially neutralized toxin and a specific anti-serum made against the toxin, said method comprising
- (a) contacting a predetermined amount of the toxin plus a predetermined amount of the specific anti-serum to form the mixture containing a reduced amount of free toxin due to partial 5 neutralization by the specific anti-serum.

contacting the mixture sample with an antibody antibodies made (1) against a natural Lethal Toxin Neutralizing Factor protein isolated from opossum serum and having a molecular weight of 68 kDa and containing SEQ ID-10 NO: 1, or (2) against a synthetic peptide consisting of at least five amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 1, or against a natural 68 kDa Lethal Toxin Neutralizing Factor protein, wherein said protein is isolated from opossum serum, and

to from

15 (b) detecting an immune complex with formed between the free toxin remaining in the sample and the antibodies, and assaying the immune complex by an ELISA,

wherein said sample is a mixture of a predetermined amount of the toxin and a predetermined amount of the specific anti-serum to said toxin, wherein said mixture contains a reduced amount of free toxin due to partial neutralization by specific anti-serum.

10. (Previously four times Amended) A method as in claim 9 wherein the specific anti-serum is made against a venom.

Claims 11-14 (previously canceled).

- (Thrice Amended) A process as in claim 5, wherein the antibody is made against a Lethal 15. Toxin Neutralizing Factor and reacts said antibodies react immunologically in vitro with a wide range of biological toxins.
- (Previously Twice Amended) A process as in claim 5 wherein said ELISA is carried out 16. according to an ELISA double-sandwich method protocol.
- 17. (previously cancelled)
- 18. Canceled.
- 19. (Previously canceled.)